

CONIC METALS CORP.

CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE THREE AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

(EXPRESSED IN UNITED STATES DOLLARS) (UNAUDITED)



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CONIC METALS CORP. Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Financial Position (Expressed in United States Dollars, unless otherwise indicated) (Unaudited)

	As at June 30, 2020	As at December 31, 2019
Assets		
Current Assets Cash and cash equivalents Amounts receivable and other assets (Note 5) Marketable securities (Note 6)	\$ 3,421,927 8,303,466 555,107	\$ 4,438,341 26,130,920 1,111,333
	12,280,500	31,680,594
Non-Current Assets Investment in Ramu Nickel Mine (Note 7) Royalty contracts (Note 8) Right-of-use assets Property, plant and equipment	134,591,595 25,495,893 70,000 41,781	133,217,226 26,066,974 90,229 45,092
Total Assets	\$ 172,479,769	\$ 191,100,115
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity Current Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Lease liability Non-recourse debt (Note 9)	\$ 1,574,361 40,000 12,840,000	\$ 1,424,857 40,960 17,212,094
Non-Current Liabilities Lease liability Non-recourse debt (Note 9)	14,454,361 33,000 95,837,923	18,677,911 51,000 106,530,663
Total Liabilities	110,325,284	125,259,574
Shareholders' Equity Share capital (Note 10) Reserves Deficit	66,076,942 244,473 (4,166,930)	66,076,942 103,456 (339,857)
Total Shareholders' Equity	62,154,485	65,840,541
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity	\$ 172,479,769	\$ 191,100,115

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

CONIC METALS CORP.

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Net and Comprehensive Loss (Expressed in United States Dollars, unless otherwise indicated) (Unaudited)

	 nree Months Ended une 30, 2020	Six Months Ended une 30, 2020	from Ju	ne Period ne 25, 2019 e 30, 2019
Operating Expenses				
Consulting fees	\$ -	\$ 5,661	\$	-
Exploration costs	50,832	125,025		-
General and administrative	154,882	246,949		-
Salaries and fees (Note 12)	292,530	592,729		-
Marketing and promotion	(21,868)	123,110		-
Professional fees	40,170	129,589		-
Regulatory fees	17,732	26,485		-
Share based compensation (Note 12)	139,660	141,017		-
Operating Loss	(673,938)	(1,390,565)		-
Other Income (Expenses)				
Interest income	1,619	10,522		-
Impairment of royalty contracts (Note 8)	(571,081)	(571,081)		-
Share of operating profit from Ramu Nickel Mine (Note 7(ii))	977,731	1,374,369		-
Unrealized gain (loss) on marketable securities	81,434	(556,226)		-
Financing costs (Note 7(iv))	(1,361,040)	(2,704,389)		-
Foreign exchange gain	43,095	10,297		-
	(828,242)	(2,436,508)		-
Net and Comprehensive Loss for the period	\$ (1,502,180)	\$ (3,827,073)	\$	-
Basic and Diluted Loss per Share	\$ (0.02)	\$ (0.05)	\$	-
Weighted Average Number of Common Shares Outstanding - Basic and Diluted	83,465,472	83,465,472		-

CONIC METALS CORP. Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Expressed in United States Dollars, unless otherwise indicated) (Unaudited)

	Six Months Ended une 30, 2020	For the Period from June 25, 201 to June 30, 2019		
Operating Activities				
Net loss for the period	\$ (3,827,073)	\$	-	
Adjustments for:				
Impairment of royalty contracts	571,081		-	
Share of operating profit from Ramu Nickel Mine	(1,374,369)		-	
Unrealized loss on marketable securities	556,226		-	
Share based compensation	141,017		-	
Financing costs	2,704,389		-	
Other	4,580		-	
Non-cash working capital items:	59.000			
Amounts receivable and other assets	58,229		-	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	149,506		-	
Net Cash and Cash Equivalents Used in Operating Activities	(1,016,414)		-	
Net change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(1,016,414)		_	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Period	4,438,341		-	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Period	\$ 3,421,927	\$	-	
Supplemental Information				
Interest paid	\$ -	\$	-	
Income taxes paid	\$ -	\$	-	

CONIC METALS CORP.

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity (Expressed in United States Dollars, unless otherwise indicated) (Unaudited)

	Share	Capital					
	Number	Amount		R	eserves	Deficit	Total
Balance, June 25, 2019 Issuance of common share on incorporation (Note 10(b)(i))	- 1	\$ -	1	\$	-	\$ -	\$ - 1
Balance, June 30, 2019	1		1		-	-	1
Cancellation of common share Issuance of common shares on acquisition of assets from	(1)	(*	1)		-	-	(1)
Sienna Metals Limited (Notes 4 and 10(b)(ii))	83,465,472	66,076,942	2		-	-	66,076,942
Share based compensation (Note 11(b))	-	-			103,456	-	103,456
Net loss for the period	-	-			-	(339,857)	(339,857)
Balance, December 31, 2019	83,465,472	66,076,942	2		103,456	(339,857)	65,840,541
Share based compensation (Note 11(b))	-	-			141,017	-	141,017
Net loss for the period	-	-			-	(3,827,073)	(3,827,073)
Balance, June 30, 2020	83,465,472	\$ 66,076,942	2	\$	244,473	\$ (4,166,930)	\$ 62,154,485

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

1. Nature of Operations

Conic Metals Corp. (the "Company" or "Conic") was incorporated pursuant to the *Business Corporations Act* (British Columbia) on June 25, 2019 as "Nickel 28 Capital Corp." and changed its name to "Conic Metals Corp." on October 21, 2019. The head office is located at 4 King Street West, Suite 401, Toronto, Ontario, Canada. The registered office of the Company is 666 Burrard Street, Suite 1700, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada.

The Company is a base metals company offering direct exposure to nickel and cobalt. Conic holds an 8.56% joint-venture interest in the producing, long-life Ramu Nickel-Cobalt Operation located in Papua New Guinea. In addition, Conic manages a portfolio of nickel and cobalt royalties on development and exploration projects in Canada and Australia.

These unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements of the Company for the period ended June 30, 2020 were approved and authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on September 23, 2020.

On October 25, 2019, Cobalt 27 Capital Corp. ("Cobalt 27") and a wholly owned subsidiary of Pala Investments Limited ("Pala") - Sienna Metals Limited ("Sienna Metals") completed a transaction (the "Arrangement Agreement") pursuant to which Pala acquired 100% of Cobalt 27's issued and outstanding common shares, other than the approximately 19% that Pala already owned. Under the terms of the Arrangement Agreement Cobalt 27 shareholders received for each common share held, CAD\$4.00 in cash plus one common share of Conic.

The Arrangement Agreement was carried out under a court approved statutory plan of arrangement governed by the Business Corporations Act (British Columbia). On closing of the Arrangement Agreement, certain assets and liabilities of Cobalt 27 were transferred to Conic. (Note 4)

Commencing in March 2020, the outbreak of the novel strain of coronavirus known as "Covid19" has resulted in governments worldwide enacting emergency measures to combat the spread of the virus. These measures, which include the implementation of travel bans, self-imposed quarantine periods and social distancing, have caused material disruption to businesses globally resulting in an economic slowdown. Global equity markets have experienced significant volatility and weakness. Governments and central banks have reacted with significant monetary and fiscal interventions designed to stabilize economic conditions. The Company's employees, directors and consultants have fortunately not had any known cases of Covid19. In addition, at the Company's joint-venture Ramu mine, MCC has implemented several measures to limit the potential spread of Covid19 and so far there are no reported Covid19 cases at Ramu. The duration and impact of the Covid19 pandemic is unknown at this time, as is the efficacy of the government and central bank interventions. It is not possible to reliably estimate the length and severity of these developments and the impact on the financial results and condition of the Company and its operating subsidiaries in future periods.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

Statement of compliance

The Company applies International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and interpretations issued by the IFRS Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC"). These unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard ("IAS") 34 - Interim Financial Reporting. Accordingly, they do not include all the information required for full annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the Company's most recent annual consolidated financial statements as at and for the period ended December 31, 2019.

The same accounting policies and methods of computation are followed in these unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements as compared with the most recent annual consolidated financial statements as at and for the period ended December 31, 2019.

3. Key Sources of Estimation Uncertainty and Critical Accounting Judgments

The preparation of the Company's consolidated financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

In particular, the areas which require management to make significant judgments, estimates and assumptions in determining carrying amounts are:

Carrying amount of the Ramu Nickel Mine

The Company, on each reporting date, considers whether there is any objective evidence that its net investment in the Ramu Nickel Mine has suffered any impairment as a result of one or more events that have occurred after initial recognition of the net investment and have an impact on the estimated cash flows of the investment that can be reliably estimated. The assessment often requires estimates and assumptions such as discount rates, exchange rates, commodity prices, operating costs, capital costs and production rates.

Non-recourse debt

The Company, on each reporting date, reclassifies a portion of its non-recourse debt as current. As the Company's non-recourse debt is to be repaid by Ramu Nickel Limited out of its share of operating surpluses, less ongoing capital expenditure requirements, the amount classified as current represents the expected operating surplus less interest that is expected to be applied to repay the non-recourse debt over the next twelve months. Actual results may vary.

Deferred taxes

The Company recognizes the deferred tax benefit related to tax assets and tax losses to the extent recovery is probable. Assessing the recoverability of deferred income tax assets requires management to make significant estimates of future taxable profit and expected timing of reversals of existing temporary differences. To the extent that future cash flows and taxable profit differ significantly from estimates, the ability of the Company to realize the deferred tax assets recorded at the statement of financial position date could be impacted. In addition, future changes in tax laws could limit the ability of the Company to obtain tax deductions in future periods from tax assets and tax losses.

Business combinations

Determination of whether a set of assets acquired and liabilities assumed constitute the acquisition of a business or an asset may require the Company to make certain judgments as to whether or not the assets acquired and liabilities assumed include the inputs, processes and outputs necessary to constitute a business as defined in IFRS 3 - Business Combinations. Based on an assessment of the relevant facts and circumstances, the Company concluded that the spin-out transaction on October 25, 2019 did not meet the definition of a business and the transaction has been accounted for as an asset acquisition (note 4).

Impairment of royalty contracts

Assessment of the royalty contracts for indicators of impairment at the end of each reporting period requires the use of judgments, assumptions and estimates when assessing whether there are any indicators that give rise to the requirement to conduct a formal impairment test on the Company's royalty contracts. Indicators which could trigger an impairment test include, but are not limited to, a significant change in operator reserve and resource estimates, industry or economic trends, current or forecast commodity prices, and other relevant operator information with respect to the underlying mineral resource properties.

4. Asset Acquisition

On October 25, 2019, the Company, Pala and Sienna Metals completed the spin-out transaction pursuant to which certain assets of Cobalt 27 were transferred to Conic in exchange for common shares of Conic. The transaction was implemented by way of a court-approved statutory plan of arrangement governed by the Business Corporations Act (British Columbia).

On closing of the transaction, Pala acquired 100% of Cobalt 27's issued and outstanding common shares, other than the approximately 19% that Pala already owned, and transferred certain assets and liabilities to Conic. The net assets were transferred to Conic in exchange for an aggregate of 83,465,472 common shares of Conic.

Based on management's judgment, the acquisition did not meet the IFRS definition of a business combination as the primary assets acquired did not constitute a business. Consequently, the transaction was recorded as an asset acquisition.

The consideration was determined based on the carrying amounts of the assets and liabilities transferred at the closing date of the Arrangement Agreement as follows:

Consideration

Share consideration	\$ 66,076,942
Net assets acquired	
Net cash	\$ 2,590,467
Royalty contracts	26,066,974
Marketable securities	1,356,716
Investment in Highlands Pacific Limited ⁽¹⁾	51,515,372
Intercompany loans	(15,452,587)
	\$ 66,076,942
⁽¹⁾ The investment in Highlands Pacific Limited consisted of the following:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,409,533
	. , ,
Receivables	38,078,692
Receivables Property, plant and equipment	. , ,
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables Property, plant and equipment Right-of-use assets Investment in Ramu Nickel Mine	38,078,692 46,376
Receivables Property, plant and equipment Right-of-use assets	38,078,692 46,376 97,000 134,582,333
Receivables Property, plant and equipment Right-of-use assets Investment in Ramu Nickel Mine	38,078,692 46,376 97,000
Receivables Property, plant and equipment Right-of-use assets Investment in Ramu Nickel Mine Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	38,078,692 46,376 97,000 134,582,333 (892,769)

5. Amounts Receivable and Other Assets

	As at June 30, 2020	I	As at December 31, 2019
Other receivables ⁽¹⁾	\$ 3,045,175	\$	20,922,118
Amount receivable from MCC Ramu NiCo Limited ⁽²⁾	5,193,328		5,084,273
Harmonized sales tax receivable	48,837		16,639
Prepaid expenses	16,126		41,212
Sundry receivables	-		66,678
	\$ 8,303,466	\$	26,130,920

⁽¹⁾ Other receivables as at December 31, 2019 represented an amount held on behalf of Highlands Pacific Limited by MCC Ramu NiCo Limited. During the six months ended June 30, 2020, \$17.8 million (note 9) was applied against the loan from MCC Ramu NiCo Limited.

⁽²⁾ This represents an amount owing by MCC Ramu NiCo Limited relating to Highlands Pacific Limited's share of uncollected MHP sales at the Ramu Nickel mine.

6. Marketable Securities

The Company holds 1,000,000 common shares of Minerva Intelligence Inc. ("Minerva"), which were acquired at a cost of \$76,581. As at June 30, 2020, the investment in Minerva was valued at \$44,027 (December 31, 2019 - \$100,092) based on the applicable closing share price.

As at June 30, 2020, the Company held 3,980,000 common shares of Giga Metals Corp. ("Giga") which were acquired at a cost of \$1,280,135. As at June 30, 2020, the investment in Giga was valued at \$511,080 (December 31, 2019 - \$1,011,241) based on the applicable closing share price. See note 16.

7. Investment in Ramu Nickel Mine

The investment in the Ramu Nickel Mine ("Ramu") consists of an 8.56% joint venture interest in the producing Ramu mine and refinery located near the city of Madang on the north coast of Papua New Guinea. Ramu was financed, constructed and commissioned in 2012, by majority-owner and operator Metallurgical Corporation of China Limited ("MCC").

The 8.56% interest in the Ramu mine is held by the Company through its wholly-owned subsidiary Ramu Nickel Limited. The Company's interest in the Ramu mine will increase to 11.3% at no cost to the Company once Conic's share of the Ramu project debt is repaid to the project manager and joint venture partner MCC (note 9). In addition to this, when the Company's interest increases to 11.3%, the Company will also have the option to purchase an additional 9.25% interest in the Ramu mine at market value, which if exercised, would take the Company's interest to 20.55%.

7. Investment in Ramu Nickel Mine (Continued)

(i) Continuity of investment in Ramu Nickel Mine

		Six Months Ended une 30, 2020
Opening balance	\$ 1	33,217,226
Share of operating profit from Ramu Nickel Mine		1,374,369
Closing balance	\$ 1	34,591,595

(ii) Interest in Ramu Nickel Mine

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2020		Six Months Ended June 30, 2020
Share of revenue	\$ 7,787,812	\$	14,770,121
Share of production costs	(4,015,581)	(8,405,491)
Share of other costs (recoveries)	(586,979)	(542,058)
Depreciation and amortization	(2,047,826)	(4,095,652)
Direct holding costs	(159,695)	(352,551)
Share of operating profit from Ramu Nickel Mine	\$ 977,731	\$	1,374,369

(iii) Sale of Mixed Hydroxide Product ("MHP")

	ree Months Ended ne 30, 2020	Six Months Ended June 30, 2020
Share of Ramu Nickel Mine's MHP Product (Wet Metric Tonnes)	4,196	7,552
Revenue from Sales of MHP Products	\$ 7,787,812	\$ 14,770,121

(iv) Non-recourse debt (note 9)

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2020
Opening balance	\$ 123,742,757
Interest accrued	2,704,389
Loan repayment	(17,769,223)
Closing balance	\$ 108,677,923

On initial acquisition, Highlands Pacific Limited recognized a loan balance owing to MCC Ramu NiCo Limited for its 8.56% share of capped development costs plus accumulated interest for monies paid by MCC Ramu NiCo Limited to lenders on behalf of the joint venture parties up to January 1, 2015. This debt is non-recourse to the Company (excluding Ramu Nickel Limited) and is to be repaid by Ramu Nickel Limited out of its share of operating surpluses less ongoing capital expenditure requirements (note 9).

8. Royalty Contracts

A royalty is a payment to a royalty holder by a property owner or an operator of a property and is typically based on a percentage of the minerals or other products produced or the profits or revenue generated from the property. Royalties are not working interests in a property. Therefore, the royalty holder is generally neither responsible for, nor has an obligation to, contribute additional funds for any purpose, including, but not limited to, operating or capital costs, or environmental or reclamation liabilities. Typically, royalty interests are established through a contract between the royalty holder and the property owner. Many jurisdictions permit the holder to also register or otherwise record evidence of a royalty interest in applicable mineral title or land registries.

Common forms of royalties are Net Smelter Return ("NSR") and Gross Revenue Royalty ("GRR"). NSR is based on the proceeds paid by a smelter or refinery to the miner for the mining production from the property less certain transportation, smelting and refining costs as defined in a royalty agreement. This type of royalty provides cash flow that is free of any operating or capital costs and environmental liabilities. GRR is generally based on the value of the mining production from the property before subsequent treatment charges are incurred. This type of royalty provides cash flow that is free of any treatment charges, operating or capital costs and environmental liabilities.

Royalty Name	Owner	Property Locatior		Primary Metal(s)	Royalty Type and %	Carrying value
Dumont Project ⁽¹⁾	8248567 Canada Limited	Québec	Advanced / Development	Ni-Co	1.75% NSR	\$15,263,086
Turnagain Project ⁽²⁾	Giga Metals Corporation	British Columbia	Exploration	Ni-Co	2% NSR	\$7,241,392
Flemington Project ⁽³⁾	Australian Mines Ltd.	Australia	Exploration	Ni-Co-Sc	1.5% GRR	\$1,943,514
Nyngan Project ⁽⁴⁾	Scandium International Mining Corp.	Australia	Advanced / Development	Sc- Ni-Co	1.7% GRR	\$971,757
Professor & Waldman Properties ⁽⁵⁾⁽⁶⁾	New Found Gold Corp. (formerly Palisade Resources Corp.)	Ontario	Exploration	Co-Ag	2% Co NSR	\$190,357
Triangle Property ⁽⁶⁾	New Found Gold Corp. (formerly Palisade Resources Corp.)	Ontario	Exploration	Co-Ag	2% Co NSR	\$190,362
Rusty Lake Property ⁽⁶⁾	New Found Gold Corp. (formerly Palisade Resources Corp.)	Ontario	Exploration	Co-Ag	2% Co NSR	\$190,362
North Canol Properties ⁽⁵⁾	Golden Ridge Resources Ltd.	Yukon	Exploration	Ag-Pb-Zn-Co	2% Co NSR	\$38,072
Sunset Mineral Property	Three Individuals	British Columbia	Exploration	Cu-Zn-Co	2% Co NSR	\$38,072
Impairment ⁽⁶⁾						\$26,066,974 (571,081)
Total Royalty Contracts						\$25,495,893

As of June 30, 2020, the Company's Royalty Contracts consisted of the following:

⁽¹⁾ The Dumont Nickel-Cobalt Royalty is a life-of-mine 1.75% NSR royalty.

⁽²⁾ The Turnagain Royalty is a 2.0% NSR royalty on all future metal production from the Turnagain Nickel-Cobalt Project. Under the terms of the royalty agreement, Giga Metals Corporation has a onetime repurchase option to repurchase 0.5% of the 2.0% royalty (resulting in a 1.5% remaining royalty) by paying the Company \$20 million in cash on the fifth (5th) anniversary. At June 30, 2020, the Company owned approximately 7% of Giga Metals Corporation's outstanding shares (see notes 6 and 16).

8. Royalty Contracts (Continued)

- ⁽³⁾ The Flemington Royalty is a life-of-mine 1.5% GRR.
- ⁽⁴⁾ The Nyngan Royalty is a life-of-mine 1.7% GRR.
- ⁽⁵⁾ Two separate mineral properties to which a Co NSR applies.
- ⁽⁶⁾ During the six months ended June 30, 2020, the Company recorded an impairment of \$571,081 against the royalties on the Professor & Waldman, Triangle and Rusty Lake properties.

9. Non-Recourse Debt

	As at June 30, 2020	As at December 31, 2019
Loan from MCC Ramu NiCo Limited - current	\$ 12,840,000	\$ 17,212,094
Loan from MCC Ramu NiCo Limited - non-current	95,837,923	106,530,663
	\$ 108,677,923	\$ 123,742,757

Balance consists of:

	As at June 30, 2020	As at December 31, 2019		
Non- recourse operating debt - current	\$ 12,840,000	\$ 17,212,094		
Non- recourse construction debt - current	-	-		
Non- recourse operating debt - non-current	16,200,025	28,874,526		
Non- recourse construction debt - non-current	79,637,898	77,656,137		
	\$ 108,677,923	\$ 123,742,757		

Non-recourse debt relates to the Company's interest, held in the wholly owned subsidiary Ramu Nickel Limited, in the Ramu Nickel mine and owing to MCC Ramu NiCo Limited. As part of the Joint Venture Agreement with MCC Ramu NiCo Limited, MCC Ramu NiCo Limited was responsible for development and financing of the mine. These borrowings represent the Company's 8.56% share of principal repayments (capped to a specified development threshold of \$2.1 billion) and interest repayments made by MCC Ramu NiCo Limited to third party lenders on behalf of the Company, plus any accumulated interest charged by MCC Ramu Nico Limited. The borrowings are to be repaid out of the Company's share of the Ramu Nickel mine's operating surpluses (sales revenue less operating costs and ongoing capital expenditure).

Currently, 100% of the operating surpluses from the mine are first allocated to repay the non-recourse operating debt and related interest. Once the operating debt is repaid, the Company can repay the construction debt in its entirety without penalty and becomes entitled to its 8.56% share of 35% of the mine's operating surpluses, with the remaining 65% used to repay the non-recourse construction debt and related interest. Furthermore, once the Company's non-recourse construction debt is repaid, the Company's participatory share of the Ramu Nickel Mine will automatically increase from 8.56% to 11.3% and the Company will begin receiving 100% of its share of the mine's operating surpluses on a monthly basis.

The amount classified as current represents the expected operating surplus less interest that is expected to be applied to repay the non-recourse debt over the next twelve months. The borrowings, under the operating debt and construction debt, bear an interest rate of 5.05% annually.

During the six months ended June 30, 2020, the Company made a non-recourse debt repayment of \$17,769,223 from the Ramu Mine's operating surpluses.

10. Share Capital

- a) Authorized: Unlimited number of common shares without par value.
- b) Common shares issued:
 - (i) On June 25, 2019, the Company issued 1 common share to Cobalt 27 Capital Corp. on incorporation.
 - (ii) On October 25, 2019 and concurrent with the spin-out transaction (note 4), the Company cancelled its 1 common share issued on incorporation and issued an aggregate of 83,465,472 common shares in exchange for certain assets as part of the spin-out transaction.

11. Stock Options and Restricted Share Units

(a) Stock options

On December 16, 2019, the Company adopted a Stock Option Plan, subject to TSX-V and disinterested shareholder approval of the Company's Omnibus Long-term Incentive Plan ("LTIP"). The Company's Omnibus LTIP was approved at the Company's annual general meeting on June 19, 2020. The maximum aggregate number of shares reserved for issuance under the Company's Stock Option Plan, together with the RSU Plan (defined below), shall not exceed a combined total of 10% of the Company's issued and outstanding shares to officers, employees, directors, advisors and consultants. The exercise price is determined by the Board of Directors provided the minimum exercise price is set at the Company's closing share price on the day before the grant date. The options can be granted for a maximum term of ten years and vesting terms are determined by the Board of Directors at the date of grant.

The following table reflects the continuity of stock options for the periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019:

	Number of stock options	Weighted average exercise price (CAD\$)
Balance, June 25, 2019 and June 30, 2019	-	-
Balance, December 31, 2019 Granted (i)	- 4,090,000	- 0.43
Balance, June 30, 2020	4,090,000	0.43

(i) On June 19, 2020, the Company granted a total of 4,090,000 stock options to certain directors, officers, advisors and consultants of the Company. The stock options are exercisable at a price of CAD\$0.43 per share, expire on December 16, 2024 and vested immediately. The fair value of the stock options was estimated to be \$111,981 using the Black-Scholes option pricing model on the following assumptions: exercise price of CAD\$0.43, risk free interest rate of 0.34%, an expected life of 4.5 years and an expected volatility of 65%. During the six months ended June 30, 2020, share based compensation expense for these stock options of \$111,981 was recorded in the consolidated statements of net and comprehensive loss.

The following table reflects the Company's stock options outstanding and exercisable as at June 30, 2020:

Options	Options	Grant date fair	Weighted average exercise price	Weighted average remaining contractual life	
outstanding	exercisable	value (\$)	(CAD\$)	(years)	Expiry date
4,090,000	4,090,000	111,981	0.43	4.47	December 16, 2024

11. Stock Options and Restricted Share Units (Continued)

(b) Restricted share units ("RSU")

On December 16, 2019, the Company adopted a Restricted Share Unit Plan (the "RSU Plan"), subject to TSX-V and disinterested shareholder approval of the Company's Omnibus LTIP. The Company's Omnibus LTIP was approved at the Company's annual general meeting on June 19, 2020. The maximum aggregate number of shares reserved for issuance under the RSU Plan, together with the Company's Stock Option Plan shall not exceed a combined total of 10% of the Company's issued and outstanding shares. In addition, the RSU Plan sets out certain other restrictions in respect of grants to certain participants under the RSU Plan in accordance with the rules of the TSX-V. The Company granted RSU's before the Plan was approved by the shareholders and TSX-V and these RSUs were valued at the stock price at the end of each reporting period. When the Plan was approved on June 19, 2020, the expense related to the RSUs then granted was adjusted to the fair value per share as of June 19, 2020.

On December 16, 2019, the Company committed to grant 2,350,000 RSUs to certain employees, officers and directors, which at the Board's discretion can be settled in cash, equity or a combination thereof and vest as follows: 300,000 immediately, 500,000 monthly over one year starting January 1, 2020, 716,666 on the first anniversary of the date of grant and 416,667 on each of the second and third anniversaries of the date of grant. On June 19, 2020, the 2,350,000 RSUs were granted concurrent with the approval of the Company's Omnibus LTIP. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2020, the Company recorded share based compensation expense for these RSU's of \$27,679 and \$29,036, respectively.

12. Related Party Transactions

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. Parties are also considered to be related if they are subject to common control. Related parties include key management personnel and may be individuals or corporate entities. A transaction is considered to be a related party transaction when there is a transfer of resources or obligations between related parties. Related party transactions are recorded at the exchange amount, being the amount agreed to between the related parties.

Key management personnel are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company, directly or indirectly. Key management personnel include the Company's executive officers and members of the Board of Directors.

Remuneration of key management personnel of the Company was as follows:

	ree Months Ended ine 30, 2020	-	x Months Ended ne 30, 2020	For the Period from June 25, 2019 to June 30, 2019	
Salaries and fees ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾ Share based compensation	\$ 284,782 131,446	\$	568,030 132,803	\$	-
· · · ·	\$ 416,228	\$	700,833	\$	-

⁽¹⁾ Management fees and salaries paid to the executive officers and directors for their services.

⁽²⁾ Included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities are fees owing to officers and directors of \$26,667 as at June 30, 2020 (December 31, 2019 - \$15,433).

13. Segmented Information

The Company operates in three reportable operating segments, being the royalty interests, Ramu Nickel Mine and corporate activities. Operating segment information is as follows:

			Ramu Nickel		
Three Months Ended June 30, 2020		Royalties	Mine	Corporate	Total
Share of operating profit from Ramu Nickel Mine	\$	-	\$ 977,731 \$	- \$	977,731
Operating expenses		-	(183,579)	(490,359)	(673,938)
Financing costs		-	(1,361,040)	1,619	(1,359,421)
Unrealized loss on marketable securities		-	-	81,434	81,434
Impairment of royalty contracts		(571,081)	-	-	(571,081)
Foreign exchange loss		-	40,283	2,812	43,095
Net loss	\$	(571,081)	\$ (526,605) \$	(404,494) \$	(1,502,180)

Six Months Ended June 30, 2020	Royalties	Ramu Nickel Mine	Corporate	Total
Share of operating profit from Ramu Nickel Mine	\$ -	\$ 1,374,369	\$ - \$	5 1,374,369
Operating expenses	-	(387,689)	(1,002,876)	(1,390,565)
Financing costs	-	(2,704,389)	10,522	(2,693,867)
Unrealized loss on marketable securities	-	-	(556,226)	(556,226)
Impairment of royalty contracts	(571,081)	-	-	(571,081)
Foreign exchange loss	-	21,611	(11,314)	10,297
Net loss	\$ (571,081)	\$ (1,696,098)	\$ (1,559,894) \$	6 (3,827,073)
Assets	\$ 25,495,893	\$ 142,830,098	\$ 4,153,778 \$	5 172,479,769

The Company has an administrative office in Canada and operations in Australia. Geographical information is as follows:

As at June 30, 2020	Car	nada	Australia	Total
Current assets Non-current assets	+ ,-	642,669 195,893	\$ 10,637,831 134,703,376	\$ 12,280,500 160,199,269
Total assets	\$ 27,1	38,562	\$145,341,207	\$172,479,769
As at December 31, 2019	Car	nada	Australia	Total
Current assets Non-current assets	+ -,-	327,510 066,974	\$28,353,084 133,352,547	\$ 31,680,594 159,419,521
Total assets	\$ 29,3	894,484	\$161,705,631	\$191,100,115

14. Contingent Liabilities

(i) On August 24, 2019, the Ramu Nickel Joint Venture (RNJV) was involved in an environmental incident that resulted in an investigation by the PNG authorities. The investigation has been completed, however the final investigation report is yet to be released. MCC has compensated local residents approximately PGK300,000. Management is unable to determine whether further compensation is required until the final investigation report is released.

Ramu Nico Management (MCC) Limited (RNML), the Joint Venture Manager, received a writ of summon dated February 5, 2020 from plaintiffs in relation to claims made by a number of individuals claiming to be landowners of Madang area and the Madang Provincial government for the alleged breach of environmental law by RNML and RNJV. On March 9, 2020, RNML filed a notice to defend. As of June 30, 2020, the case is still in the pre-trial stage and Management is unable to assess the likely result and potential impacts of the case.

(ii) Accounts payable and accrued liabilities contain amounts which are held on behalf of former shareholders of Highlands Pacific Limited, which have not yet been claimed by shareholders following the purchase and subsequent delisting of Highlands Pacific Limited from the Australian Securities Exchange ("ASX").

15. Other Events

(i) In March 2020, the Company entered into an agreement to divest its interest in the exploration license Sewa Bay, which is recorded at \$nil, to Pure Minerals Limited, an ASX listed entity. The transaction is subject to customary regulatory and other approvals. In consideration of the transaction, the buyer will pay Highlands Pacific Limited an aggregate amount of AU\$150,000 if certain milestones are achieved.

(ii) On June 24, 2020, the Company entered into an agreement to sell its wholly-owned subsidiary Highland Pacific Resources Limited, which holds the Company's Star Mountains exploration licenses in Papua New Guinea, to a private entity. The transaction is subject to customary regulatory and other approvals. In consideration of the transaction, the buyer will pay the Company up to \$5 million in cash upon achieving certain milestone events.

16. Subsequent Events

(i) On September 16, 2020, the Company sold its 3,980,000 common shares of Giga for proceeds of approximately CAD\$6.9M.

(ii) Ramu Nico Management (MCC) Limited (RNML), the Joint Venture Manager, received notice that a request for injunctive relief against operations at Ramu was received by the Papau New Guinea National Court of Justice on September 8, 2020, by the plaintiffs in relation to claims made by a number of individuals claiming to be landowners of Madang area and the Madang Provincial government for the alleged breach of environmental law by RNML and RNJV as described in note 14(i). The Court has set October 13, 2020 as the date for the hearing of the motion for injunctive relief.